



## 2009 Immunization Schedule

Our office has the very safe “combination vaccine” called Pentacel. It includes the DTaP, the Hib, and the IPV all in one prepared shot. It is recommended due to its potency and safety.

### Recommended Immunization Schedule for Persons Aged 0 Through 6 Years—United States • 2009

Vaccine ▼	Age ►	Birth	1 month	2 months	4 months	6 months	12 months	15 months	18 months	19–23 months	2–3 years	4–6 years
Hepatitis B <sup>1</sup>		HepB	HepB		<i>see footnote 1</i>	HepB						
Rotavirus <sup>2</sup>				RV	RV	RV <sup>1</sup>						
Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis <sup>3</sup>				DTaP	DTaP	DTaP	<i>see footnote 3</i>	DTaP				DTaP
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b <sup>4</sup>				Hib	Hib	Hib <sup>4</sup>	Hib					
Pneumococcal <sup>5</sup>				PCV	PCV	PCV	PCV					PPSV
Inactivated Poliovirus				IPV	IPV	IPV						IPV
Influenza <sup>6</sup>						Influenza (Yearly)						
Measles, Mumps, Rubella <sup>7</sup>							MMR		<i>see footnote 7</i>			MMR
Varicella <sup>8</sup>							Varicella		<i>see footnote 8</i>			Varicella
Hepatitis A <sup>9</sup>							HepA (2 doses)					HepA Series
Meningococcal <sup>10</sup>												MCV

Range of recommended ages

Certain high-risk groups

This schedule indicates the recommended ages for routine administration of currently licensed vaccines, as of December 1, 2008, for children aged 0 through 6 years. Any dose not administered at the recommended age should be administered at a subsequent visit, when indicated and feasible. Licensed combination vaccines may be used whenever any component of the combination is indicated and other components are not contraindicated and if approved by the Food and Drug Administration for that dose of

the series. Providers should consult the relevant Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices statement for detailed recommendations, including high-risk conditions: <http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/acip-list.htm>. Clinically significant adverse events that follow immunization should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). Guidance about how to obtain and complete a VAERS form is available at <http://www.vaers.hhs.gov> or by telephone, 800-822-7967.

### Recommended Immunization Schedule for Persons Aged 7 Through 18 Years—United States • 2009

Vaccine ▼	Age ►	7–10 years	11–12 years	13–18 years
Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis <sup>1</sup>		<i>see footnote 1</i>	Tdap	Tdap
Human Papillomavirus <sup>2</sup>		<i>see footnote 2</i>	HPV (3 doses)	HPV Series
Meningococcal <sup>3</sup>		MCV	MCV	MCV
Influenza <sup>4</sup>		Influenza (Yearly)		
Pneumococcal <sup>5</sup>		PPSV		
Hepatitis A <sup>6</sup>		HepA Series		
Hepatitis B <sup>7</sup>		HepB Series		
Inactivated Poliovirus <sup>8</sup>		IPV Series		
Measles, Mumps, Rubella <sup>9</sup>		MMR Series		
Varicella <sup>10</sup>		Varicella Series		

Range of recommended ages

Catch-up immunization

Certain high-risk groups

This schedule indicates the recommended ages for routine administration of currently licensed vaccines, as of December 1, 2008, for children aged 7 through 18 years. Any dose not administered at the recommended age should be administered at a subsequent visit, when indicated and feasible. Licensed combination vaccines may be used whenever any component of the combination is indicated and other components are not contraindicated and if approved by the Food and Drug Administration for that dose of

the series. Providers should consult the relevant Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices statement for detailed recommendations, including high-risk conditions: <http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/acip-list.htm>. Clinically significant adverse events that follow immunization should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). Guidance about how to obtain and complete a VAERS form is available at <http://www.vaers.hhs.gov> or by telephone, 800-822-7967.